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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/088,023	07/29/2002	Rochus Jonas	MERCK 2397	4940
23599 73	590 01/15/2004		EXAM	INER
MILLEN, WHITE, ZELANO & BRANIGAN, P.C. 2200 CLARENDON BLVD.			MCKENZIE, THOMAS C	
SUITE 1400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON,	, VA 22201		1624	
			DATE MAILED: 01/15/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/088,023		JONAS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	Thomas McKenzie						
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	s				
Period for Reply	Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status  1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 July 2002.							
,— .	nis action is non-fin	al.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow			erits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15: Other:					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is in response to an application filed on 7/29/02. There are two claims pending and two under consideration. Claims 1 and 2 are use claims. This is the first action on the merits. The application concerns some uses of benzo[4,5]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine compounds.

#### **Title**

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The following title is suggested: replacing "Thienopyrimidines" with "Benzo[4,5]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidines".

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 1 provides for the use of the compounds of formula I, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

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Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd. App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification does not reasonably provide enablement for preparing medications for treating any of the listed diseases. The specification does not enable any physician skilled in the art of medicine, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The how to make requirement of the enablement statute, when applied to process claims, refers to operability and how to make the claimed process work. "The factors to be considered [in making an enablement rejection] have been summarized as the quantity of experimentation necessary, the amount of direction or guidance presented, the presence or absence of working examples, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the relative skill of those in that

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art, the predictability or unpredictability of the art and the breadth of the claims", In re Rainer, 146 USPQ 218 (1965); In re Colianni, 195 USPQ 150, Ex parte Formal, 230 USPQ 546. The only disease known to be treatable by inhibitors of PDE V is erectile dysfunction and that disease is not presently claimed.

a) Determining if any particular medication whose preparation is claimed would treat any particular claimed disease would require synthesis of the compound, formulation into a suitable dosage form, and subjecting it clinical trials with a number of fundamentally different diseases, or to testing them in an assay known to be correlated to clinical efficacy of such treatment. This is a large degree of experimentation. b) The direction concerning treating diseases is found in lines 21-37, page 3, lines 25-36, page 10, and the passage spanning line 26, page 11 to line 2, page 12, which merely states Applicants' intention to do so. Applicants describe formulations in the passage spanning line 37, page 10 to line 24, page 11 and in pages 23 and 24. Doses required to practice their invention are described in lines 4-14, page 12. A 500-fold range of doses is recommended. Since no PDE V inhibitor has ever been used to treat any claimed disease, how is the skilled physician to know what dose to use for each of these different diseases? There are two *in vitro* assays described in the passage spanning line 31, page 2 to line 6, page 3 and in lines 11-19, page 3. There is no data associated with these tests and from Art Unit: 1624

the present tense language used the tests appear to be prophetic. Applicants do not assert and it is not art-recognized that these assays are correlated to any one of the claimed diseases. c) There is no working example of treatment of any disease in man or animals. The formulation described on pages 23 and 24 are also prophetic since no specific compound is used to make these formulation. d) The nature of the invention is clinical treatment of disease, which involves physiological activity. e) The state of the clinical arts in PDE V associated diseases is provided by Perry (Current Opinion in Chemical Biology). Perry (Current Opinion in Chemical Biology) states in the first sentence, first complete paragraph, column 2, page 478 that "the role of PDE5 inhibitors in cardiovascular therapy has yet to be clinically established". He reports that the FDA has approved the PDE V inhibitor Viagra (sildenafil) only for the treatment of "male impotence and erectile dysfunction". Corbin (Int J Clin Pract.) states that " inhibitors that are selective for phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE5) represent a promising new class of compounds that are useful for the treatment of erectile dysfunction and perhaps other disorders". "[P]erhaps" is not the standard for disease treatment enablement. Cremers (Herz) states in his abstract, "little is known about other potential beneficial effects of [the PDE V inhibitor] sildenafil". "[S]ildenafil may be a useful adjunct to inhaled iloprost in the management of pulmonary hypertension." "In gastrointestinal

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disorders, sildenafil also exerts several effects which might be of clinical relevance." Thus, in 2003, four years after Applicants effective filing date, applications of sildenafil to treatment of diseases other than erectile dysfunction were speculative.

f) The artisan using Applicants invention would be a physician with a MD degree and several years of experience. g) It is well established that "the scope of enablement varies inversely with the degree of unpredictability of the factors involved", and physiological activity is generally considered to be an unpredictable factor. See *In re Fisher*, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970). h) The scope of the claims involves all of the thousands of compounds of formula 1 as well as the nineteen diseases listed by the claim. Thus, the scope of claims is broad.

MPEP §2164.01(a) states, "A conclusion of lack of enablement means that, based on the evidence regarding each of the above factors, the specification, at the time the application was filed, would not have taught one skilled in the art how to make and/or use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation. *In re Wright*, 999 F.2d 1557,1562, 27 USPQ2d 1510, 1513 (Fed. Cir. 1993)." That conclusion is clearly justified here and undue experimentation will be required to practice Applicants' invention.

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## Allowable Subject Matter

5. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Applicants compounds and uses are novel over Jonas ('223), Jonas ('554), and copending application 10/146,028. All three of these references have similar titles to the present Application and teach medical uses of tricyclic thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine compounds. However, none of the three are drawn to the present benzo fused compounds.

### Conclusion

6. Please direct any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner to Thomas C McKenzie, Ph. D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-9806. After February 9, 2004, the Examiner may be reached at (571) 272-0670. The FAX number for amendments is (703) 872-9306. The PTO presently encourages all applicants to communicate by FAX. The Examiner is available from 8:30 to 5:30, Monday through Friday. If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, you can reach the Examiner's supervisor, Mukund Shah at (703) 308-4716. Please direct general inquiries or any inquiry relating to the status of this application to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

homas C. McKenzie, Ph/D

Patent Examiner
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